

The Science of C20 Soil Builder

C20 & SOIL ORGANIC MATTER

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How does C20 impact soil organic matter content? As with most of these type of questions, it is more complex than solely a difference in organic matter content between C20 treated and untreated soils. However, there is a 31% increase in organic matter content with the addition of a 10 lb. rate of C20 Soil Builder after a period of 5 weeks in clay soils (0.8% organic matter and pH.8.4).

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Peat soils, for example, can range from 50% to 80% organic matter and higher. However, less than 1% of that 50-80% organic matter can be utilized as a food source for soil microbes. Why? It is all recalcitrant. Soil amendments with recalcitrant components, like biochar or humus, increase soil OM% but are not readily consumable by soil microbes. Alternately, dumping a can of 7-UP[®] on the soil will feed soil microbes with labile sugars. However, most of it is consumed rapidly, so it won't provide a difference to the soil OM% profile. Both are forms of organic matter in the soil; some is rapidly consumed, some is not.

C20 is 50% labile organic matter and 50% recalcitrant organic matter. Figure 1 illustrates the recalcitrant organic matter that remains after 5 weeks of C20 consumption by soil microbes.

The labile component of C20 is at least 157X more biologically active than the same amount of compost. This is illustrated in Figure 2 as an assessment of soil microbial respiration. As this labile organic matter component of C20 is consumed by microbes, it becomes a lesser factor in the total % of organic matter.







The organic matter that can be consumed by soil microbes is the organic matter that is important.

John E. Lloyd, PhD Chief Science Officer Precision Organics, LLC research@precisionorganics.com

